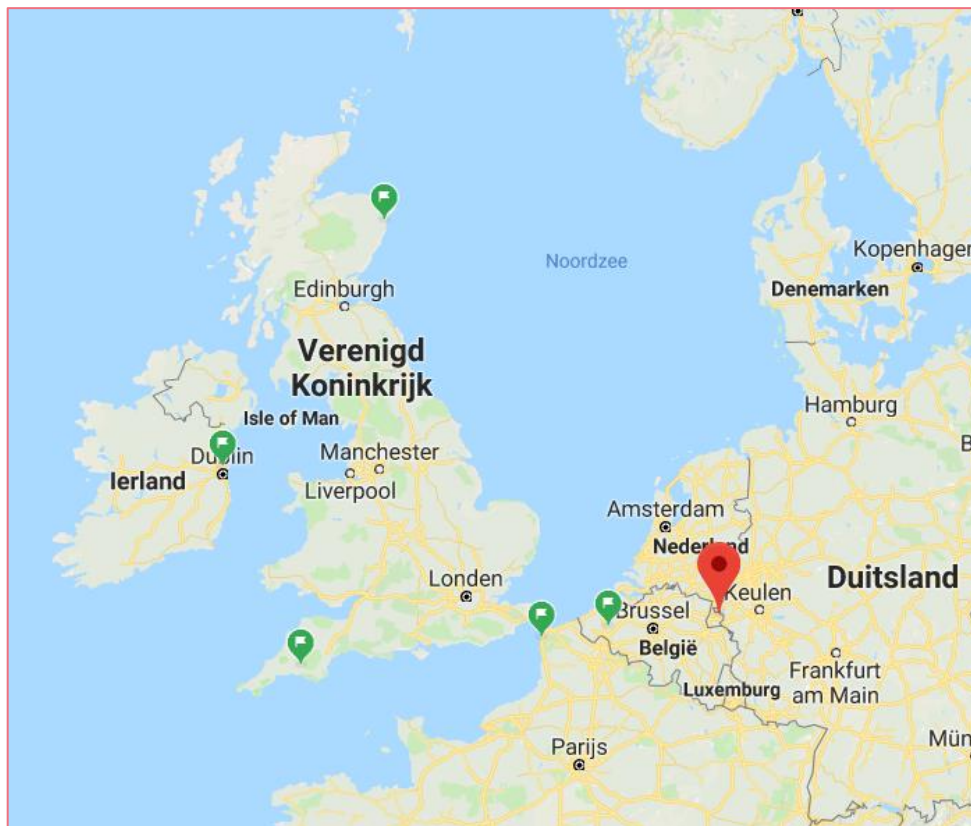


# MIJNWATER HEERLEN



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H. (Herman) H.E.W. Eijdens, Msc.  
Director Innovation and Strategy

## Mijnwater B.V.

M: +31(0)6-282.48.5.48

E: [h.eijdems@mijnwater.com](mailto:h.eijdems@mijnwater.com)

Website: [www.mijnwater.com](http://www.mijnwater.com)

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The SPORW project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 440993.



# 5e generatie urban energy grids

Thermische energie uitwisselnetten (10° - 50°C)

Warmte- en Koude levering



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5TH GENERATION  
DISTRICT HEATING  
AND COOLING

# TKI Urban Energy



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## KWaNet

<https://www.kowanet.nl/>

- Handboek -> Technisch ontwerp
- Decision support tool -> multi stakeholder NCW
- Wakowiki voor initiatiefnemers
  - Juridisch
  - Organisatorisch
  - Financieel
- Implementatie -> casussen



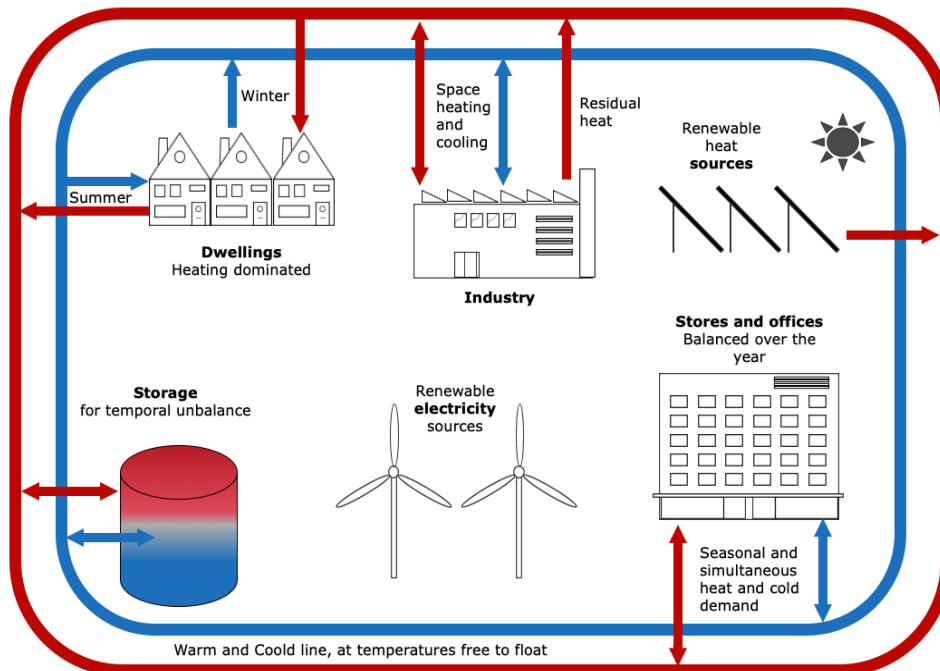
# Definitie 5GDHC principes



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*5<sup>th</sup> generation DHC is an urban thermal energy grid for heating and cooling based on the following 5 principles :*



## 1/ Closing the energy loop

*An optimized system allowing exchange of heat and cold between end users. To prevent waste, energy exchange occurs first at the scale of the building, then within the neighborhood and finally at the city level.*

## 2/ Using low-graded sources for low-graded demand

*In 5GDHC we match the supply with the requested quality level of the demand.*

## 3/ Decentralized & demand-driven energy supply

*Circulating energy within the system only when and where needed, as close as possible to the end-user*

## 4/ An integrated approach of energy flows

*Connecting heating and cooling to other energy flows (power grid, hydrogen conversion, solar plants, etc.) to avoid energy waste across sectors and reduce peak loads.*

## 5/ Local sources as a priority

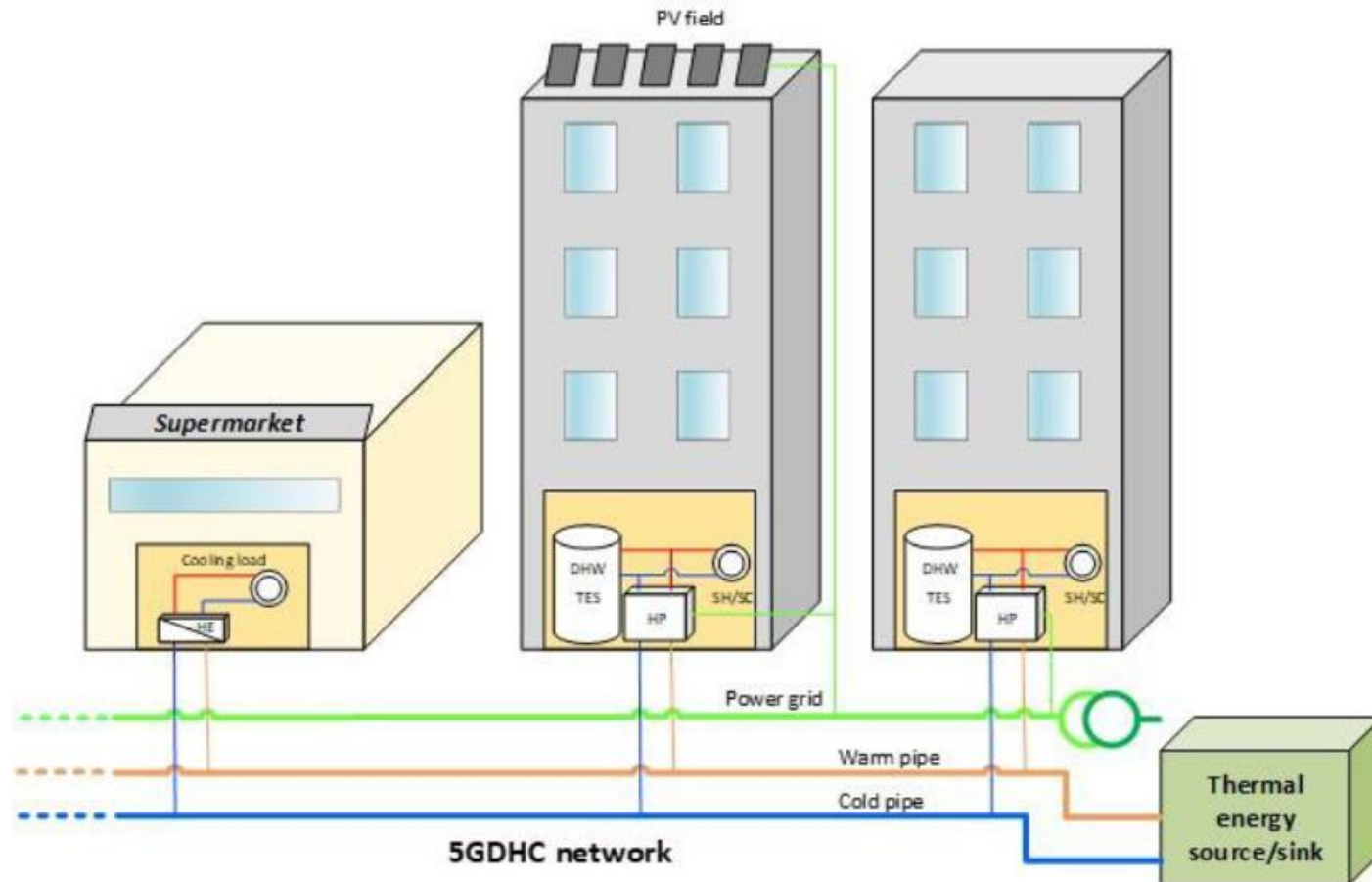
*Avoiding big investments and energy loss during transport, while stimulating the local economy.*

# Decentrale installaties verbonden



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Source: Simone Buffa et al "Fifth-Generation District and Cooling Substations: Demand...Control, Energies, August 2020



# Aggregatieniveau's



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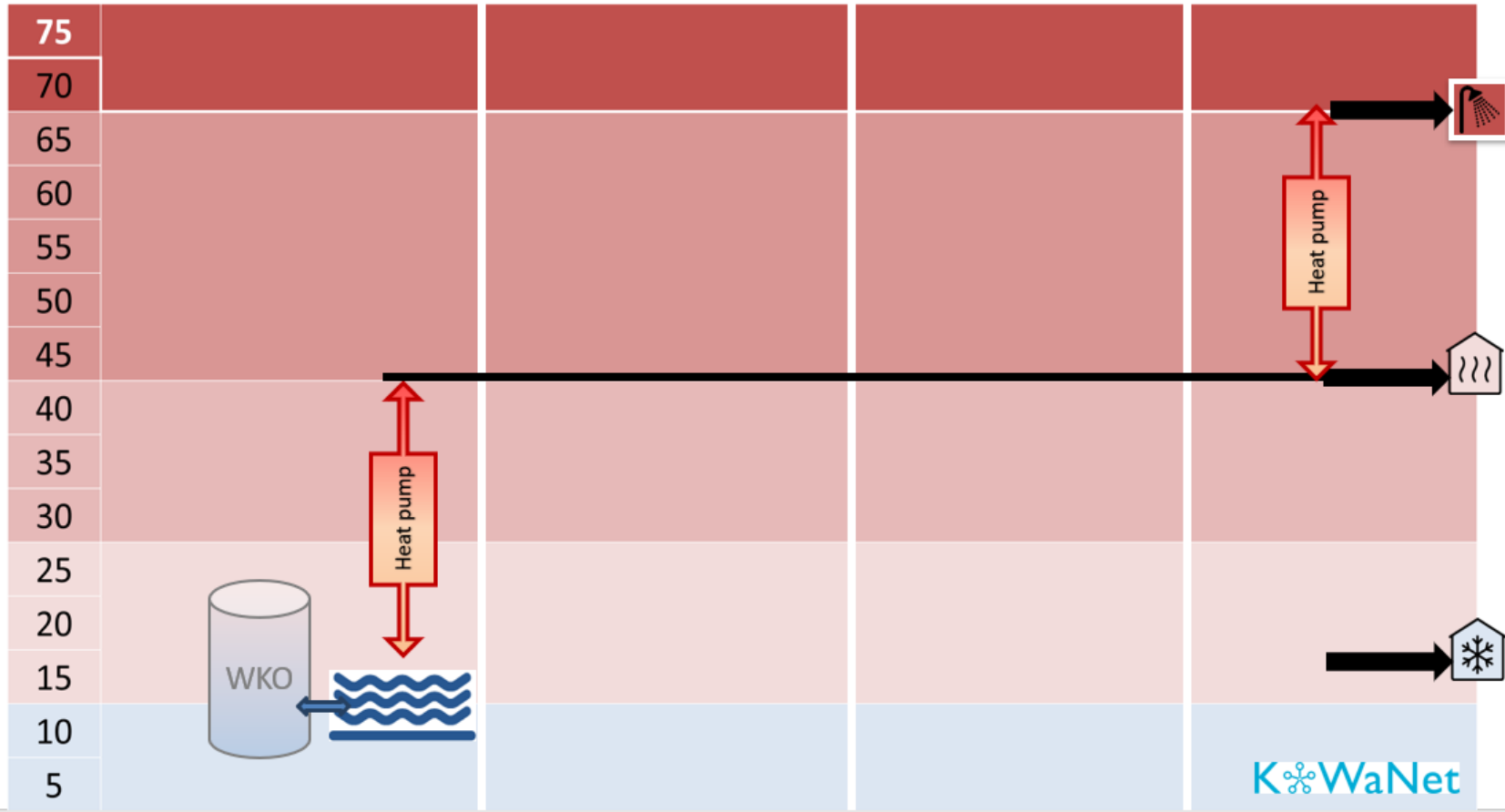
Stad

Cluster

Wijk

Gebouw

Woning

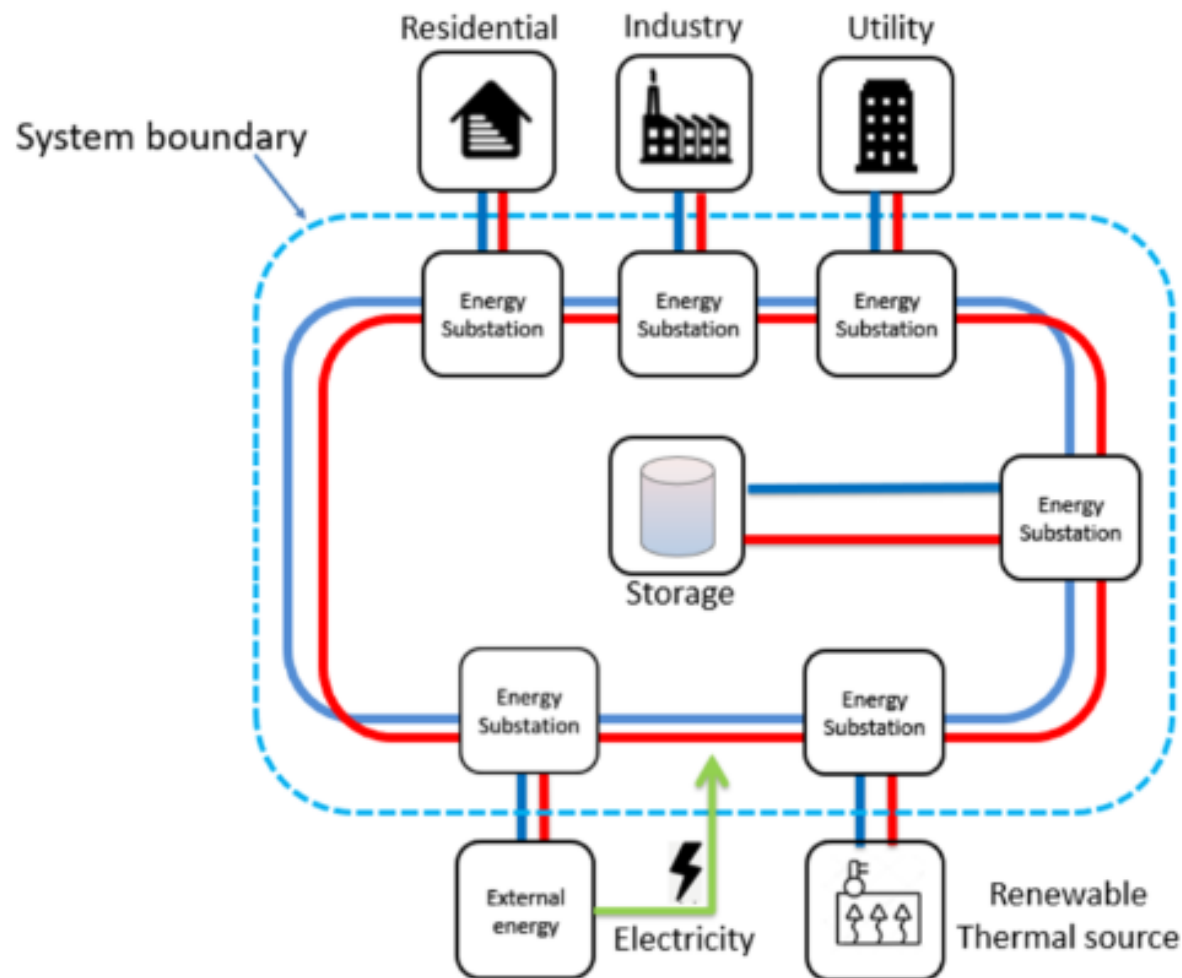


# System Boundary thermal



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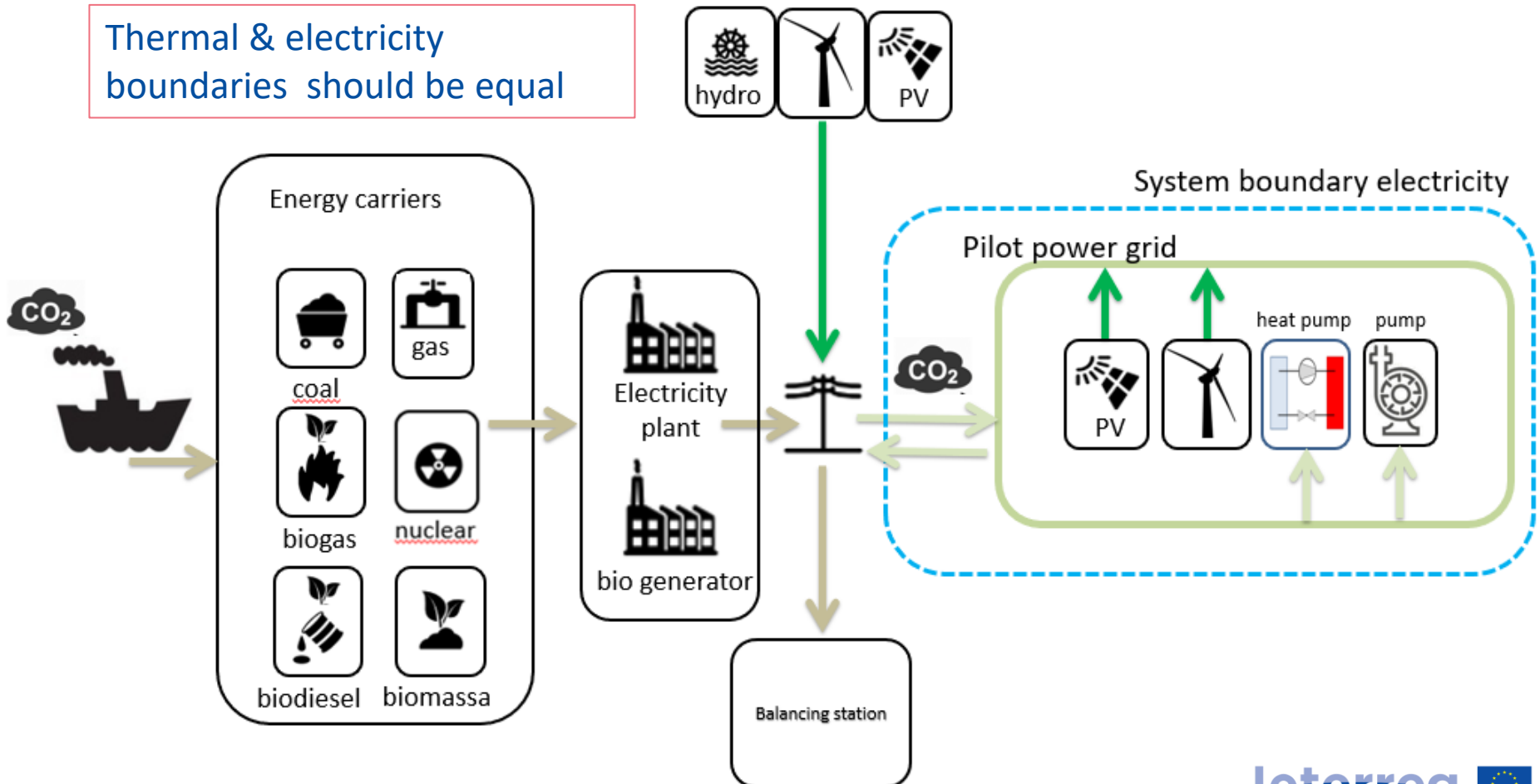
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# System Boundaries electricity/CO<sub>2</sub>

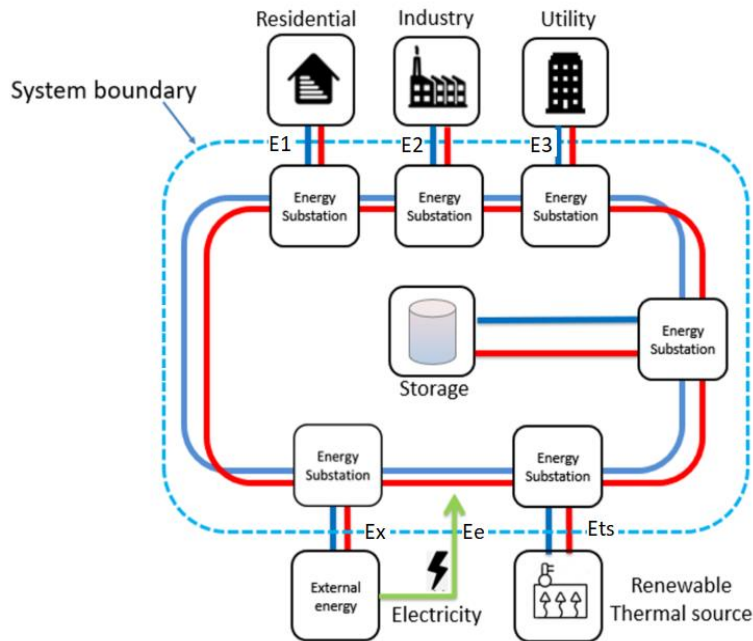


Thermal & electricity  
boundaries should be equal





# Energy Exchange factor



$$\text{Total energy demand } (E_{demand}) = E_1 + E_2 + E_3$$

$$\text{Energy exchange Factor } (EF) = \frac{E_{demand} - E_{supply}}{E_{demand}} \times 100\%$$

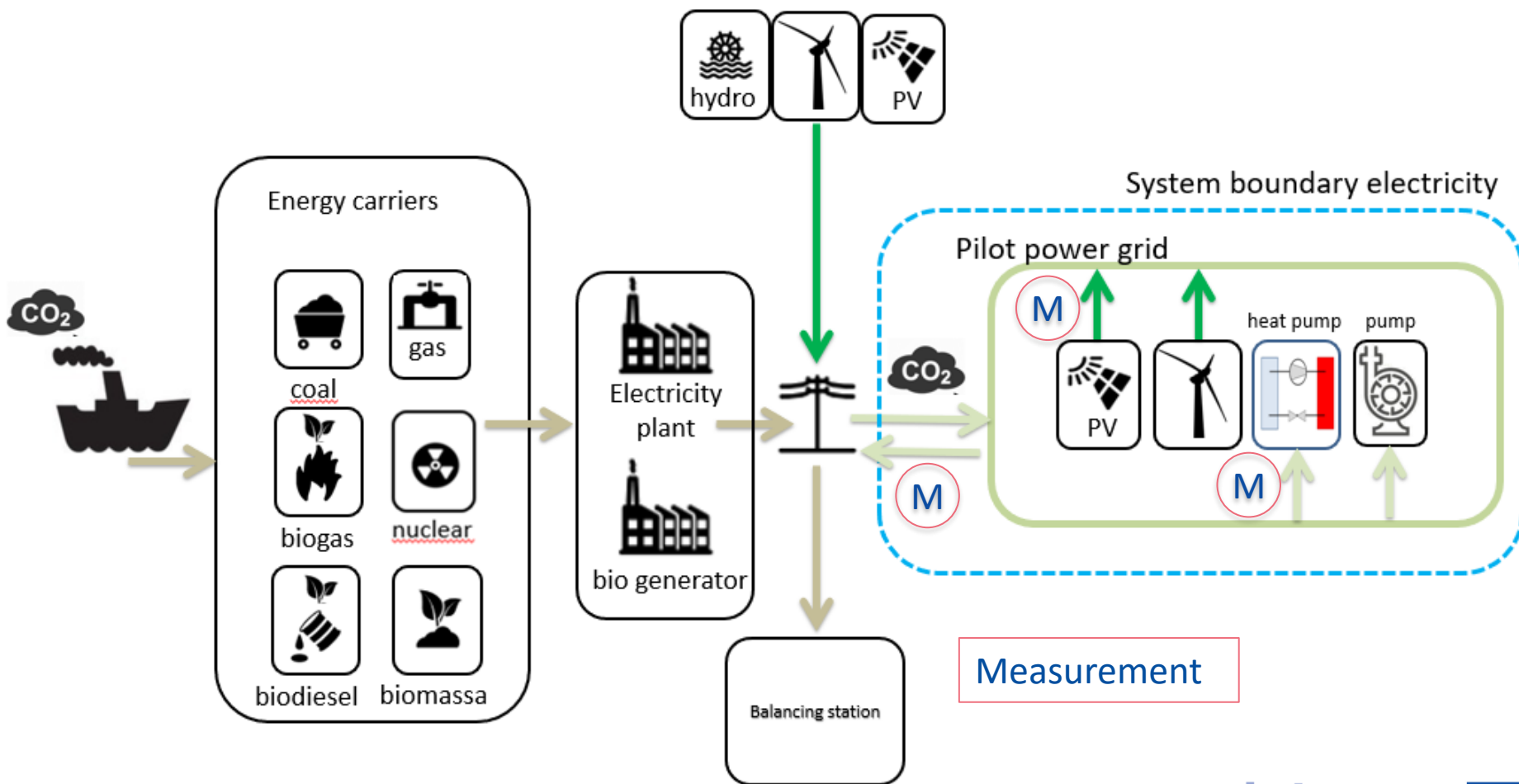
$$\text{Total supplied energy } (E_{supply}) = E_{ts} + E_x + E_e$$

# Monitoring



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# Network performance



| System sources (external from network)  | - | MWh/year                |
|---|---|-------------------------|
| Total energy input                      |   |                         |
| - Electricity                           |   | MWh <sub>e</sub> /year  |
| - Thermal (cold and heat)               |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |
| - high grade solid fuel                 |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |
| - high grade liquid fuel                |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |
| - high grade gas                        |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |
| - high temperature waste energy (>50°C) |   | piece                   |
| Locally produced/used energy            |   |                         |
| - electricity                           |   | %                       |
| - low grade heat                        |   | %                       |
| - low grade cold                        |   | %                       |

| Ranking of preferable energy sources used  | - | MWh/year                |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| 1. Reuse of thermal energy, by exchange between heating and cooling demands          |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |
| 2. Ambient thermal sources from soil, water, air, and low temperature solar heat     |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |
| 3. Higher temperature renewable sources like Geothermal, Solar heat                  |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |
| 4. Higher temperature industrial waste heat, otherwise rejected in the environment   |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |
| 5. Renewable electricity from local sources like wind, sun                           |   | MWh <sub>e</sub> /year  |
| 6. Electricity use at times of renewable overproduction, e.g. when spot price is low |   | MWh <sub>e</sub> /year  |
| 7. Electricity mix from the external grid  |   | MWh <sub>e</sub> /year  |
| 8. High temperature heat from burning biofuels, biogas, biomass                      |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |
| 9. High temperature heat from burning fossil fuels                                   |   | MWh <sub>th</sub> /year |

# Mijnwater praktijk



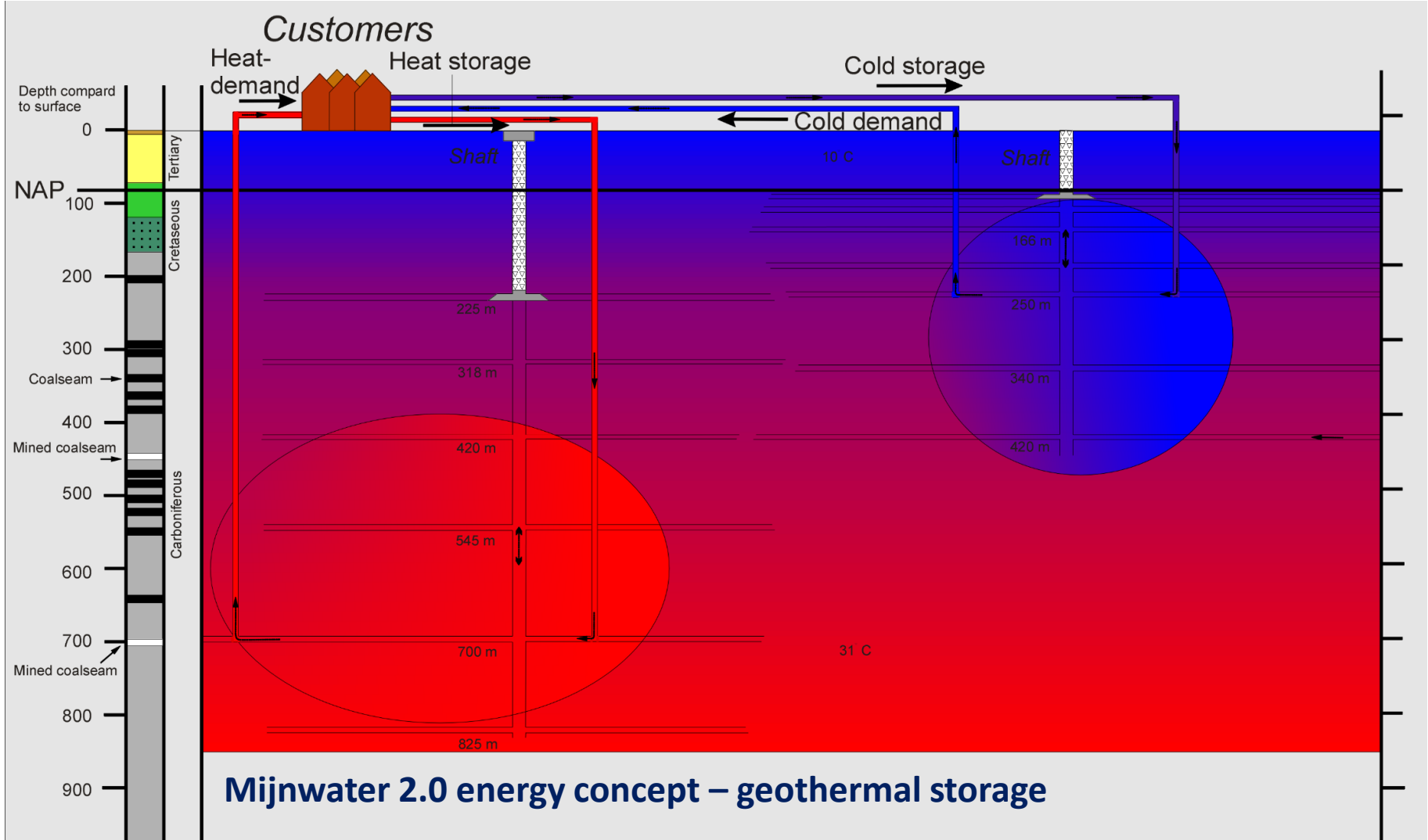
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**50.000 m<sup>2</sup>** multifunctionele ontwikkeling volledig vermarmd en gekoeld met 5GDHC

# Gebruik geothermie en opslag



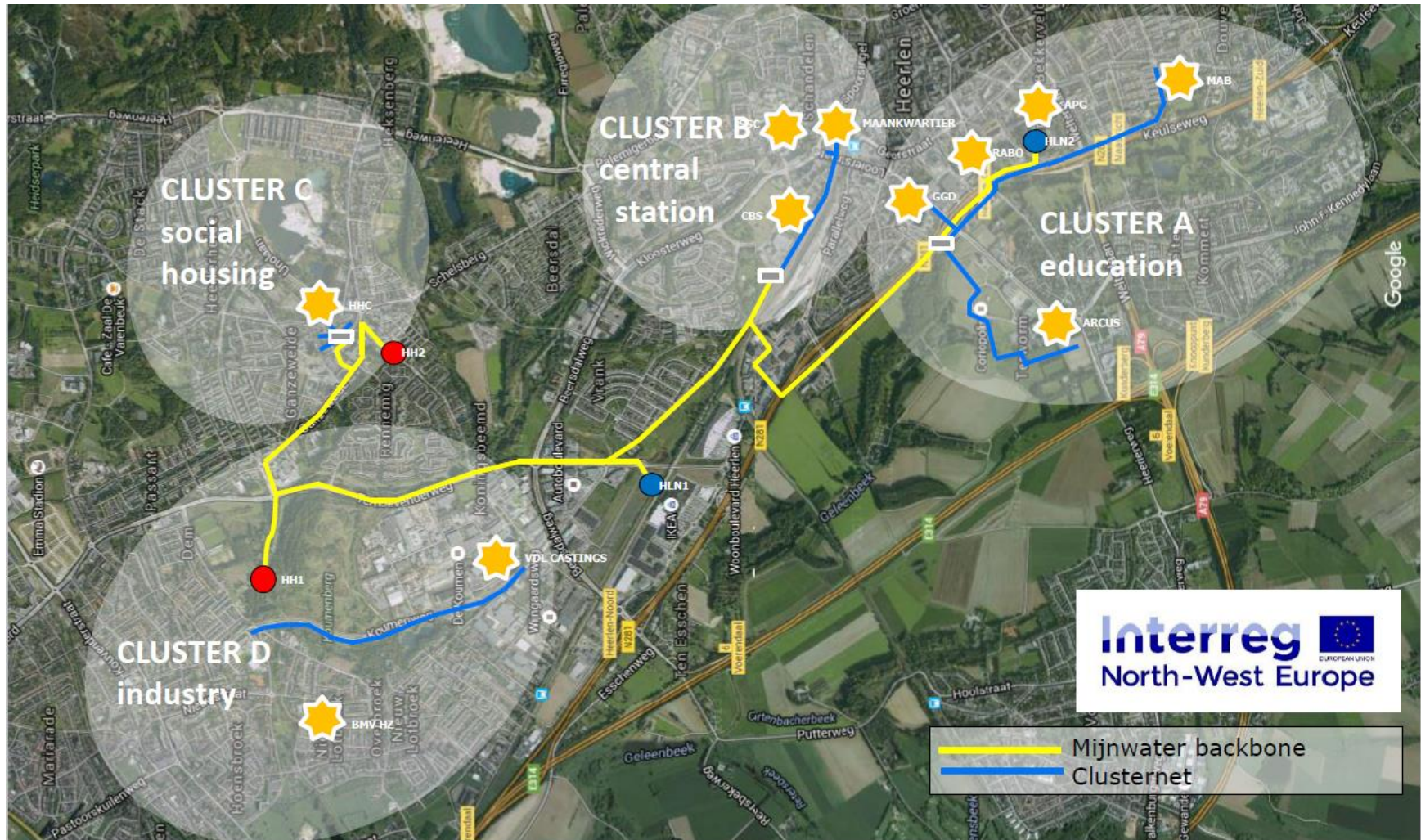


# Actual grid layout Heerlen



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**Interreg**   
North-West Europe

— Mijnwater backbone  
— Clusternet

**Interreg**   
North-West Europe  
**D2Grids**  
European Regional Development Fund



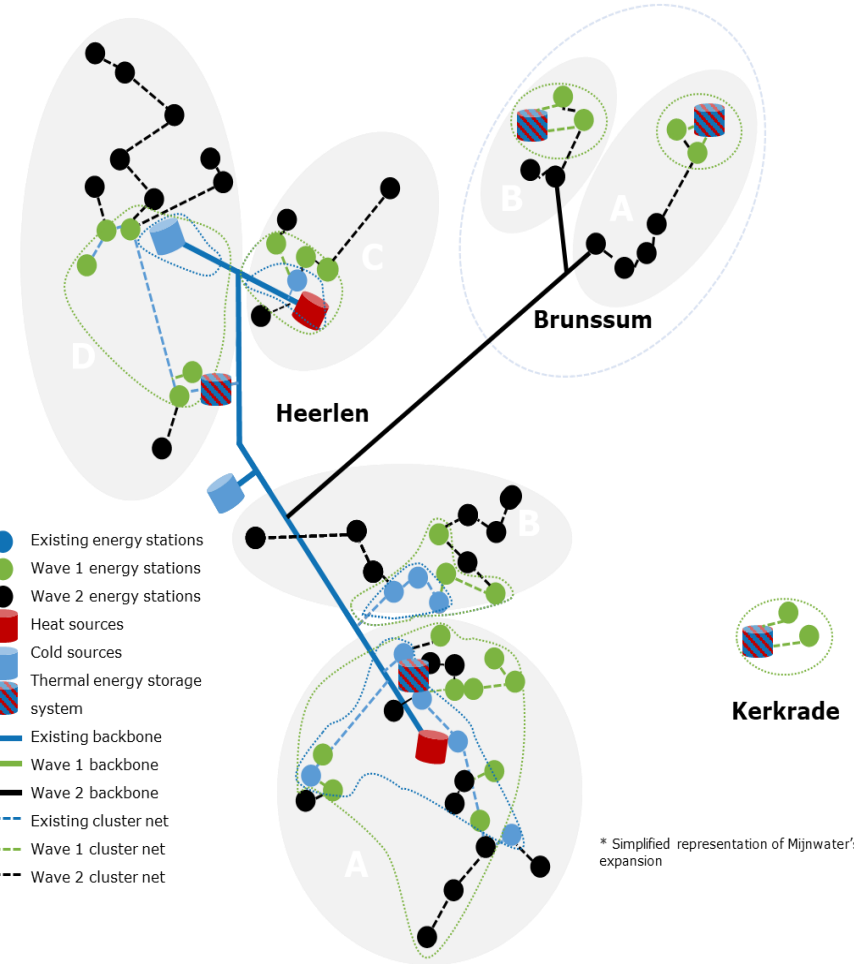
# Mijnwater LT ontwikkelingen



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~ 3,500m



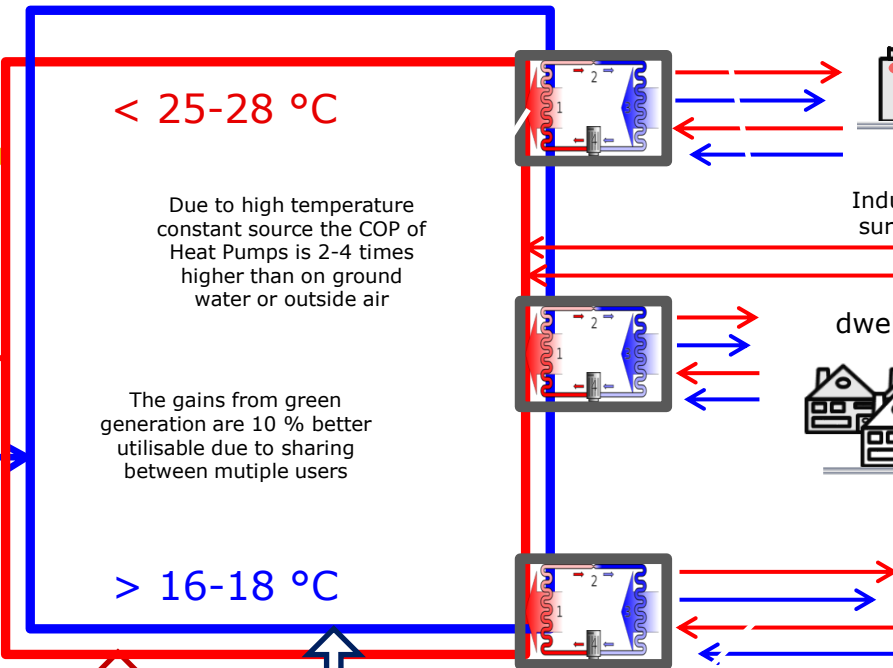
# 5GDHC concept in Heerlen



The only needed external energy is electricity (gasless solution) which can be derived from green generation

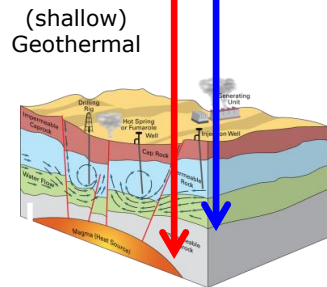
250.000 m<sup>2</sup> served floor area

Due to low temperature grid gains from datacentres, greenhouses, solar collectors, etc. are utilisable leaving from 28 °C



Due to high temperature constant source the COP of Heat Pumps is 2-4 times higher than on ground water or outside air

The gains from green generation are 10 % better utilisable due to sharing between mutiple users



## Seasonal heat storage

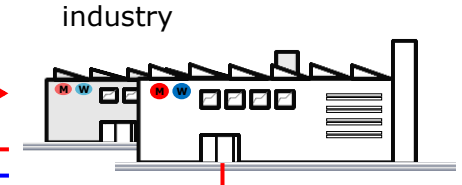
Shallow geothermal buffering stores energy unendless up to 30 °C with minimal losses



MT Heat storage



MT Cold storage



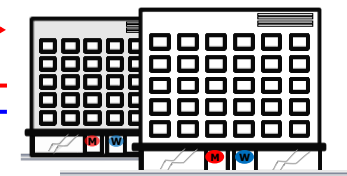
Industry surplus



local green generation



commercial



Including data centres, shops, etc.

Modern buildings need 35 % cooling energy (in thermal flow) against 65 % heating energy. The grid enables exchange of these flows in time.

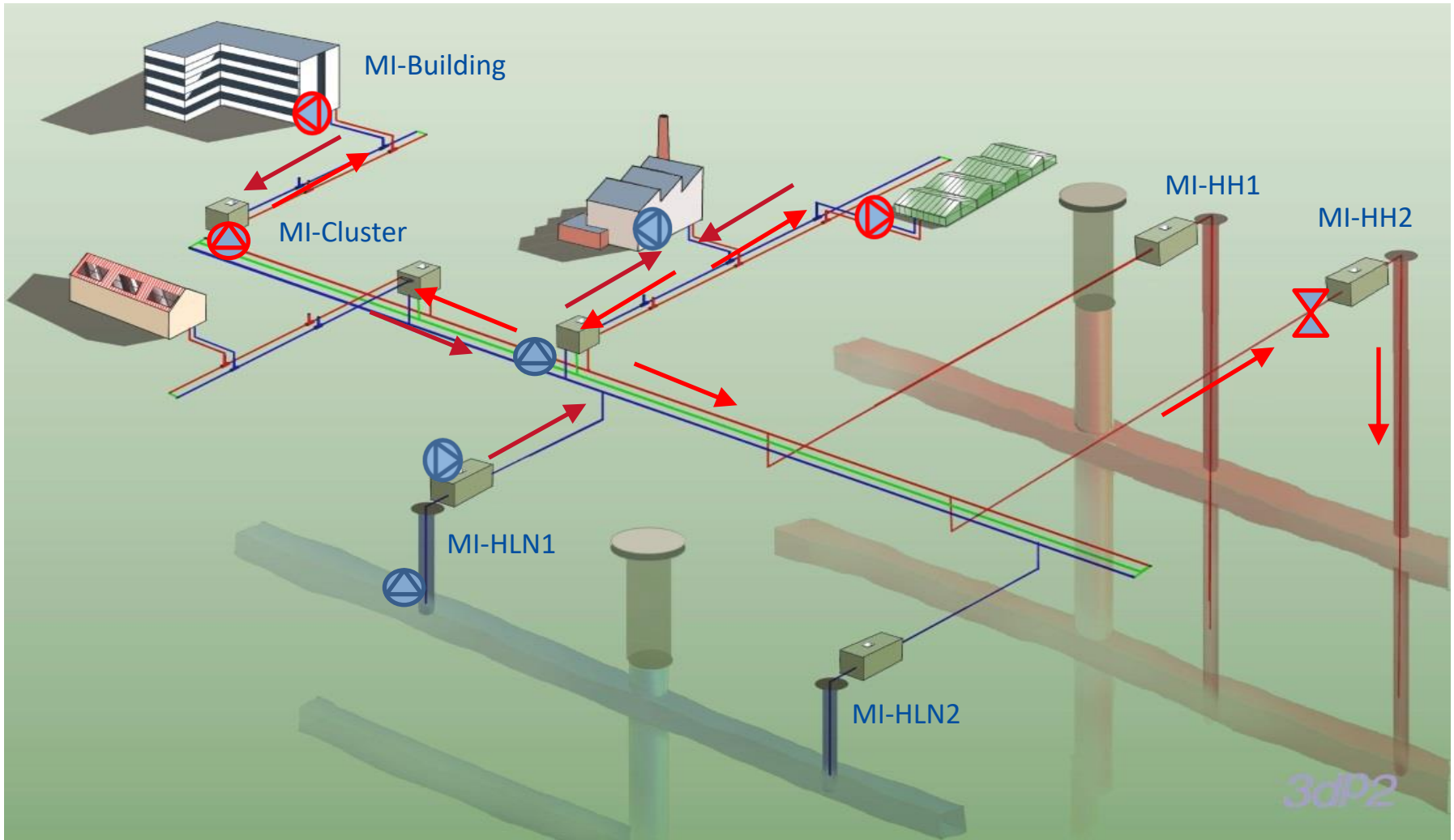
Mid term buffering in the area stores energy for months up to 130 °C with < 10% losses

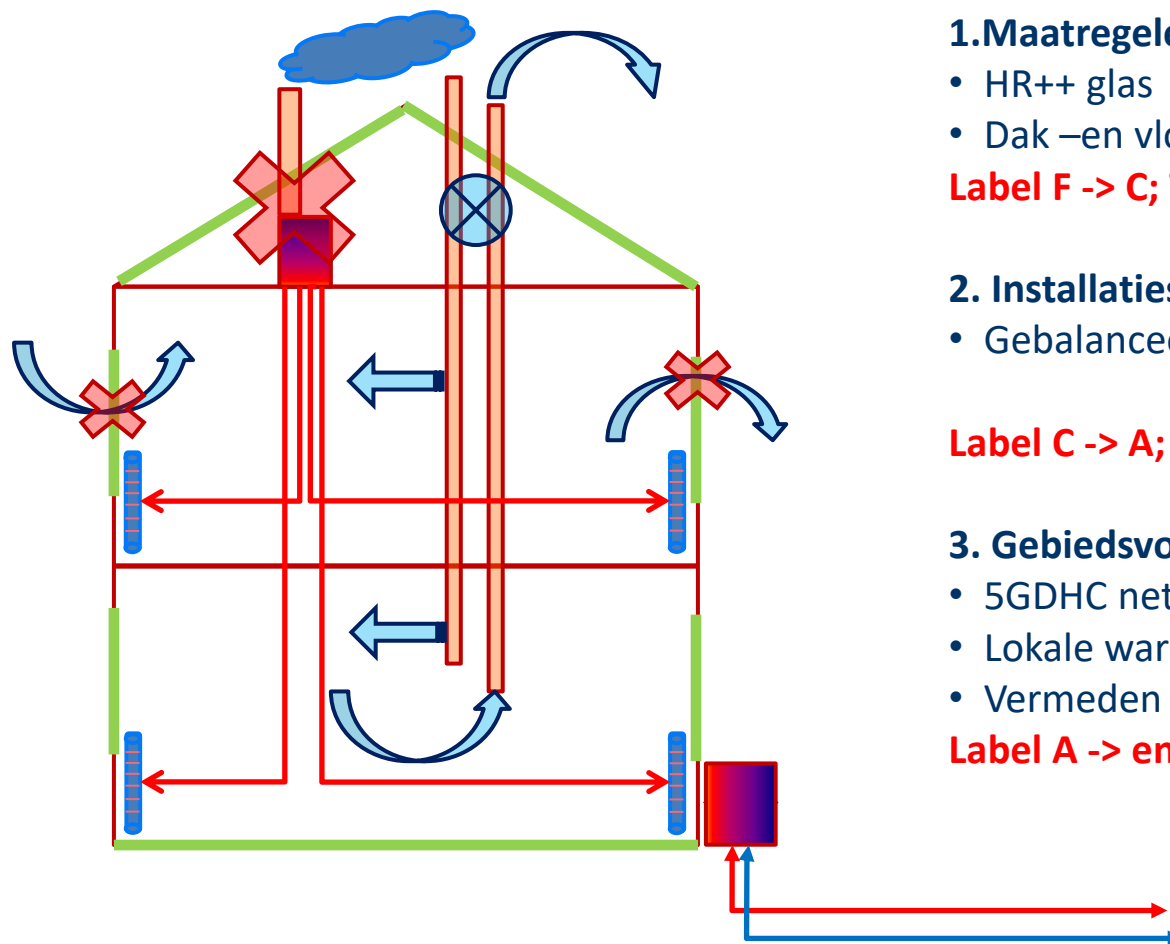
# Vraaggestuurd uitwisselnetwerk



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## 1. Maatregelen schil

- HR++ glas € 5.000,-
  - Dak –en vloerisolatie € 4.000,-
- Label F -> C;  $T_{\text{radiator}}$  van 90 -> 70 °C**

## 2. Installaties

- Gebalanceerde ventilatie met WTW € 5.000,-
- Label C -> A;  $T_{\text{radiator}}$  van 70 -> 50 °C**

## 3. Gebiedsvoorziening

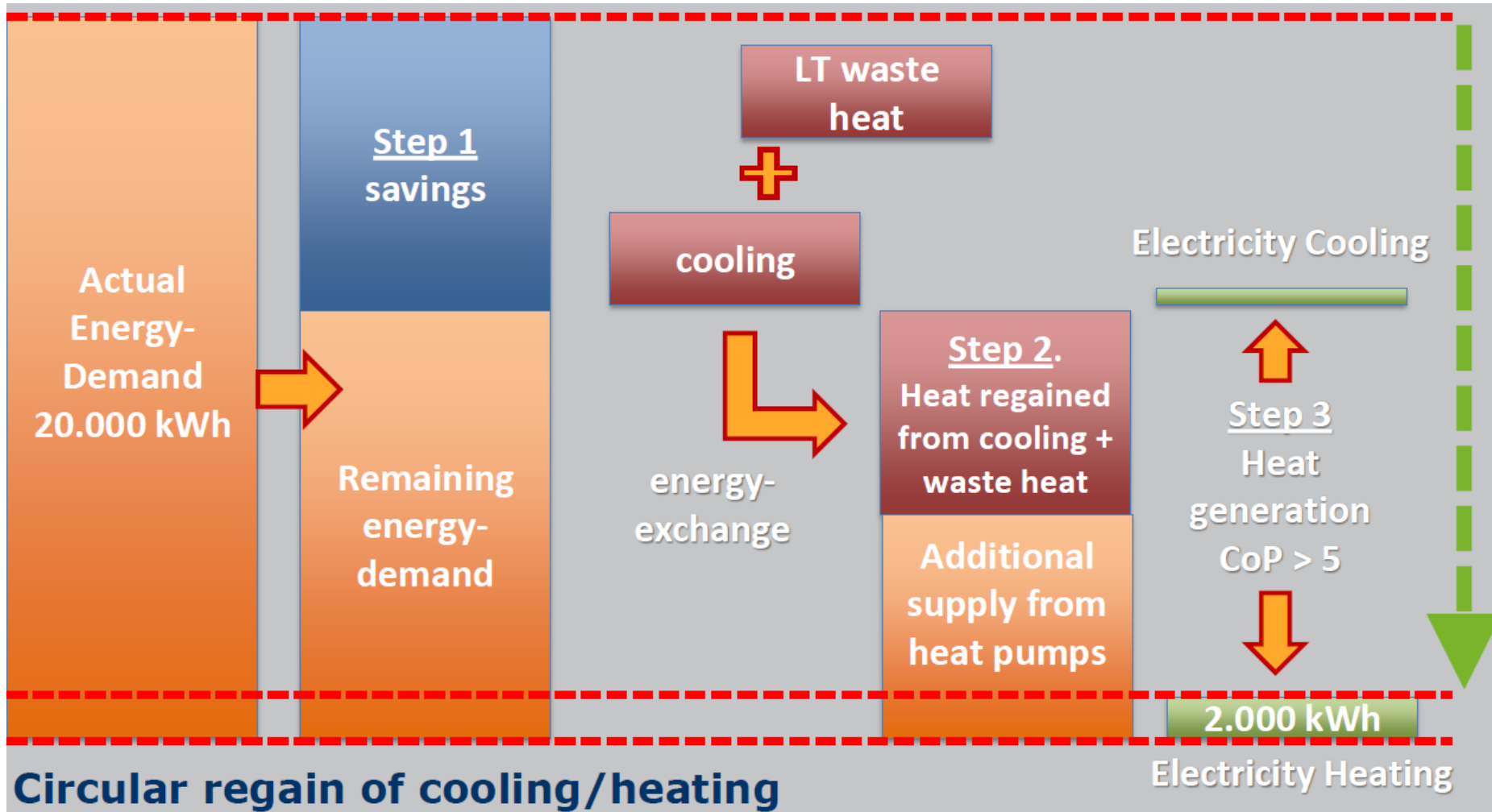
- 5GDHC net € 15.000,-
  - Lokale warmtepomp € 5.000,-
  - Vermeden kosten CV - € 2.500,-
- Label A -> energy neutral (A<sup>++++</sup>)**

# Urban Energy Strategy



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# Decentrale energie centrales



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# Prefab energie uitwisselstations



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